

5 Steps of Shoeing



(USPC C Manual, 2nd Ed. Pg 251)

Name: Teacher Copy Date: _____

The FIVE Steps of SHOEING



PREPARE: Trim and level the hoof.



2

FORGING: Make the shoe (or pick out a pre-made shoe)







FIT: Make sure the shoe fits



NAILING: Nail the shoes on.





FINISH: Flatten the nails (clinches) & file the edges



PFFNF ("Piffnif")

1. What is the difference between a FARRIER and a BLACKSMITH?



A **Farrier** is a hoof care specialist.

A **Blacksmith** does all kinds of iron work, not just horseshoes.



2. What is **HOT** shoeing?

Using a hot forge to heat the iron and make or modify the shoes. The hot horseshoe is pressed against the bottom of the hoof and leaves a mark. This mark tells the farrier if the shoe is the right size and if the hoof is level.

- a. Does it hurt the horse? No
- b. Why would you ask for hot shoeing?



Because pre-made shoes don't fit your horse or your horse needs special shoes



3. Pre-made shoes are also called KEG shoes.



USPC Rating Requirements:

C1 – Discuss the five steps in shoeing



Types of Horseshoes

Name: TEACHER COPY <u>Date:</u> Heart Bar Aluminum Full or Heel Bar Egg Bar Standard With clips and flare